

SCORE

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "RAPSODY IN BLUE"

MUSIC: GEORGE GERSHWIN

ARR. JEREMY FRANKLIN GOODMAN

ARR. GLENN FRANKLIN GOODMAN

A

FREELY
(Soprano Sax)
Solo!

ALTO SAX 1
Soprano Sax
Flute

ALTO SAX 2
Soprano Sax

TENOR SAX

Baritone Sax
Bass Clarinet

FREELY

TRUMPET IN B♭ 1

TRUMPET IN B♭ 2

TRUMPET IN B♭ 3

TROMBONE

BASS TROMBONE

FREELY

PIANO

ELECTRIC BASS

DRUM SET

TIMBALES

CONGA DRUMS

D

A. Sx. f sfz

A. Sx. f sfz

T. Sx. f sfz

B. Sx. f sfz

Bb Tpt. 1 -

Bb Tpt. 2 -

Bb Tpt. 3 -

Tbn. -

B. Tbn. -

Pno. f

E.B.

D. S.

3-2 SALSA

3-2 SALSA

3-2 SALSA

Timb.

C. Dr.

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "Rhapsody in Blue"

F

A. Sx. *f*

A. Sx. *f*

T. Sx.

B. Sx. *f*

B \flat Tpt. 1 *ff*

(OPTIONAL BUT PREFERRED)

B \flat Tpt. 2

(OPTIONAL)

If Tpt. 2 TACET before solo, OPT. SVA UNISON WITH TPT 1!

B \flat Tpt. 3

Tbn.

B. Tbn. *f*

Pno. *f*

C \sharp *f*

G \sharp

E.B.

D. S.

Timb.

C. Dr.

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "Rhapsody in Blue"

J

Fl. 145 f

S. Sx. f

T. Sx. f

B. Sx. f

J

B♭ Tpt. 1 145 f (OPEN)

B♭ Tpt. 2

B♭ Tpt. 3 (OPEN) f

Tbn. f

B. Tbn. f

J

Pno. 145 f

E.B. 145 f

D. S. 145 f

Timb. f

C. Dr. f

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "Rhapsody in Blue"

A musical score page featuring multiple staves of music. The instruments listed on the left are Flute (Fl.), Soprano Saxophone (S. Sx.), Tenor Saxophone (T. Sx.), Bass Clarinet (B. Cl.), B-flat Trumpet 1 (Bb Tpt. 1), B-flat Trumpet 2 (Bb Tpt. 2), B-flat Trumpet 3 (Bb Tpt. 3), Bassoon (TBN.), Bass Trombone (B. TBN.), Piano (Pno.), Double Bass (E.B.), Double Bassoon (D. S.), Timpani (TIMB.), and Cymbals (C. DR.). The page includes dynamic markings such as *f* (fortissimo) and *p* (pianissimo). Blue shapes are overlaid on the score, including a large circle around the piano staff, several triangles pointing towards the double bass and bassoon staves, and a large diamond shape covering the top half of the page. A label "SOLO!" is placed above the B-flat Trumpet 1 staff, which is marked with an *A7* chord symbol.

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "Rhapsody in Blue"

A. Sx.

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2

B♭ Tpt. 3

Tbn.

B. Tbn.

Pno.

E.B.

D.S.

Timb.

C. Dr.

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "RHAPSODY IN BLUE"

57

A. Sx. 229

A. Sx. $\frac{3}{4}$

T. Sx. $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Sx. $\frac{3}{4}$

B \flat Tpt. 1 229

B \flat Tpt. 2 $\frac{3}{4}$

B \flat Tpt. 3 $\frac{4}{4}$

Tbn. $\frac{3}{4}$

B. Tbn. $\frac{3}{4}$

Pno. 229

E.B.

D. S. 229

Timb. $\frac{3}{4}$

C. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "Rhapsody in Blue"

65

Musical score for George Gershwin's "Rhapsody in Blue" (page 65). The score includes parts for A. Sx., T. Sx., B. Sx., B_b Tpt. 1, B_b Tpt. 2, B_b Tpt. 3, Tbn., B. Tbn., Pno., E.B., D.S., Timb., and C. Dr.

The score features a series of measures starting at measure 261. The woodwind section (A. Sx., T. Sx., B. Sx.) plays eighth-note patterns. The brass section (B_b Tpt. 1, B_b Tpt. 2, B_b Tpt. 3) enters with sustained notes followed by eighth-note chords. The bassoon (Tbn.) and double bass (B. Tbn.) provide harmonic support. The piano (Pno.) plays a melodic line with labels for notes like E^b, D^b/E^b, E^b, B^b, E^b, D^b/E^b, and B/B^b. The bassoon (E.B.) and double bass (D.S.) play rhythmic patterns. The timpani (Timb.) and cymbals (C. Dr.) provide rhythmic support.

Blue annotations highlight specific musical elements:

- A large blue circle highlights a sustained note in the brass section.
- A blue arrow points from the bassoon's eighth-note chords in the brass section towards the piano's melodic line.
- A blue bracket groups the piano's eighth-note chords (E^b, D^b/E^b, E^b, B^b, E^b, D^b/E^b, B/B^b) and connects them to the bassoon's eighth-note chords.
- A large blue S-shaped arrow points from the bassoon's eighth-note chords in the brass section towards the piano's melodic line.

GEORGE GERSHWIN'S "RAPSODY IN BLUE"

MAMBO FAST 4 $\text{♩} = 184$

A. Sx. 281

A. Sx.

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ TPT. 1 281

B♭ TPT. 2

B♭ TPT. 3

TBN.

B. TBN.

PNO. 281

E.B.

D. S.

3-2 MAMBO

3-2 MAMBO

3-2 MAMBO

TI. MB.

C. DR.